

A. Match the names of the National Festivals with their dates.

1. Independence Day

2nd October

2. Republic Day

15th August

3. Gandhi Jayanti

26th January

C. Match the following.

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------|
| 1. Gujiya | Diwali |
| 2. Goddess Lakshmi | Guruparva |
| 3. Santa Claus | Holi |
| 4. Procession | Id |
| 5. Ramzan | Christmas |

D. Fill in the blanks. Choose words from the box.

Holi	Diwali	carols	firecrackers
	Christmas trees	26th January	

1. India became a republic on 26th January 1950.
2. People sing carols and decorate Christmas trees on Christmas.
3. People burn firecrackers on Diwali which can be dangerous.
4. Holi is the festival of colours.
5. Diwali is the festival of lights.

27/1/22

③ Answer these questions.

① What is a festival?

Ans: A festival is a special day or a special event.

② What is a religious festival?

Ans: People of different religions celebrate their special days in their own ways. These special days are called religious festivals.

③ What is a National Festival?

Ans: The National festivals are celebrated by the whole nation. Independence Day, Republic Day and Gandhi Jayanti are national festivals.

④ When is Holi celebrated?

Ans: Holi is celebrated in spring season.

⑤ Why is Diwali celebrated?

Ans: Diwali is celebrated because to mark the return of Lord Rama to Ayodhya.

⑥ What is langar?

Ans: The rich and poor sit together to eat from a common kitchen called langar.

Date : / /

(E) Identify these festivals and write two lines on each one of them.

Id ⇒ Id is celebrated by muslims after a month of fasting called Ramzan.

Christmas ⇒ Christmas is celebrated all over the world on 25th December. It makes the birth of Lord Jesus.

Guruparv ⇒ The sikhs celebrate the birthdays of ten sikh Gurus as Guruparvas.

Diwali ⇒ Diwali is the festival of light, It is celebrated to mark the return of Lord Rama to Ayodhya.